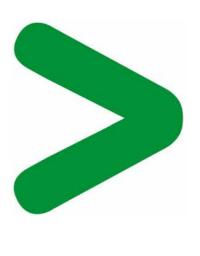
# Product Environmental Profile

Power Logic <sup>TM</sup> PM5500 Series Power and Energy Meter









#### **Product overview**

The main purpose of the Power Logic<sup>™</sup> PM5500 series is Class 0.2s power and energy metering. The meters are performance measuring and monitoring devices PMD/[SD|SS]/K70/0.2 per IEC 61557-12.

This range consists of: METSEPM5560, METSEPM5561, METSEPM5563

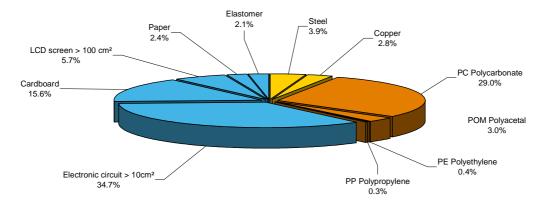
The representative product used for the analysis is METSEPM5560.

The environmental impacts of this referenced product are representative of the impacts of the other products of the range which are developed with a similar technology.

The environmental analysis was performed in conformity with ISO 14040.

### Constituent materials

The mass of the product range is from 595 g and 602 g including packaging. It is 602 g for the METSEPM5560 meter. The constituent materials are distributed as follows:



## Substance assessment

Products of this range are designed in conformity with the requirements of the European RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and do not contain, or only contain in the authorised proportions, lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium or flame retardants (polybrominated biphenyls - PBB, polybrominated diphenyl ethers - PBDE) as mentioned in the Directive

Details of ROHS and REACH substances information are available on the Schneider-Electric <u>Green Premium website</u>. (http://www2.schneider-electric.com/sites/corporate/en/products-services/green-premium/green-premium.page)

# **Manufacturing**

The PM5500 product range is manufactured at a Schneider Electric production site on which an ISO14001 certified environmental management system has been established.

## **Distribution**

The weight and volume of the packaging have been optimized, based on the European Union's packaging directive.

The PM5560 packaging weight is 111 g. It consists of 94g of corrugated cardboard, 14g of paper, and 2g of polyethylene.

The product distribution flows have been optimised by setting up local distribution centres close to the market areas.

#### Use

The products of the PM5500 range do not generate environmental pollution (noise, emissions) requiring special precautionary measures in standard use

The electrical power consumption depends on the conditions under which the product is implemented and used. The duration of operating modes and the associated power consumption is summarized blow:

Phase	Consumption (W)	Time %
Active	3.25	39.50%
Standby	2.6	60.00%
Sleep	0	0.00%
OFF	0	0.50%

The product range does not require special maintenance operations.

## **End of life**

At end of life, the products in the PM5500 range have been optimized to decrease the amount of waste and allow recovery of the product components and materials.

This product range contains a PCB board with its components and a battery that should be separated from the stream of waste so as to optimize end-of-life treatment by special treatments. The location of these components and other recommendations are given in the End of Life Instruction document which is available for this product range on the Schneider-Electric Green Premium website

( <a href="http://www2.schneider-electric.com/sites/corporate/en/products-services/green-premium/green-premium.page">http://www2.schneider-electric.com/sites/corporate/en/products-services/green-premium/green-premium.page</a> ).

The recyclability potential of the products has been evaluated using the "ECO DEEE recyclability and recoverability calculation method" (version V1, 20 Sep. 2008 presented to the French Agency for Environment and Energy Management: ADEME).

According to this method, the potential recyclability ratio without packaging is: 47%.

As described in the recyclability calculation method this ratio includes only metals and plastics which have proven industrial recycling processes.

# **Environmental impacts**

Life cycle assessment has been performed on the following life cycle phases: Materials and Manufacturing (M), Distribution (D), Installation (I) Use (U), and End of life (E).

Modeling hypothesis and method:

- the calculation was performed on the METSEPM5560
- product packaging: is included
- installation components: no special components included.
- scenario for the Use phase: this product range is included in category "Energy Consuming Product" Assumed service life is 10 years. Product dissipation is 3.25W at 39.5% uptime.
- the geographical representative area for the assessment is US and the electrical power model used for calculation is Electricity (US). End of life impacts are based on a worst case transport distance to the recycling plant (1000km)

#### Presentation of the product environmental impacts

Environmental indicators	Unit	For give the name and commercial reference or description of the representative product					
		S = M + D + I + U + E	М	D	ı	U	E
Air Acidification (AA)	kg H+ eq	4.3601E-02	8.3694E-03	2.1268E-05	0.0000E+00	3.5105E-02	1.0523E-04
Air toxicity (AT)	m³	5.2345E+07	1.0485E+07	3.2385E+04	0.0000E+00	4.1660E+07	1.6651E+05
Energy Depletion (ED)	MJ	3.5504E+03	6.9457E+02	5.1633E-01	0.0000E+00	2.8435E+03	1.1805E+01
Global Warming Potential (GWP)	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	2.2561E+02	4.3437E+01	9.3040E-02	0.0000E+00	1.8112E+02	9.6237E-01
Hazardous Waste Production (HWP)	kg	5.0763E+00	1.0879E+00	1.6259E-05	0.0000E+00	3.9877E+00	7.4364E-04
Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP)	kg CFC-11 eq.	1.5448E-05	7.5241E-06	2.8038E-08	0.0000E+00	7.2749E-06	6.2054E-07
Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential (POCP)	kg C₂H₄ eq.	5.5677E-02	1.5449E-02	6.7264E-05	0.0000E+00	3.9077E-02	1.0841E-03
Raw Material Depletion (RMD)	Y-1	4.7279E-13	4.7038E-13	1.7980E-18	0.0000E+00	2.3946E-15	1.6195E-17
Water Depletion (WD)	dm3	1.0244E+03	7.0791E+02	8.4276E-02	0.0000E+00	3.1529E+02	1.1620E+00
Water Eutrophication (WE)	kg PO₄³⁻ eq.	2.7898E-03	2.3164E-03	1.2329E-06	0.0000E+00	4.3854E-04	3.3636E-05
Water Toxicity (WT)	m³	2.7275E+01	9.5472E+00	2.7391E-02	0.0000E+00	1.6123E+01	1.5780E+00

Life cycle assessment has been performed with the EIME software (Environmental Impact and Management Explorer), version 5 and with its database version 2013-02

The active phase is the life cycle phase which has the greatest impact on the majority of environmental indicators.

According to this environmental analysis, proportionality rules may be used to evaluate the impacts of other products of this range: Depending on the impact analysis, the environmental indicators (without RMD) of other products in this family may be proportional extrapolated by energy consumption values.

# System approach

As the products of the range are designed in accordance with the European RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU, they can be incorporated without any restriction in an assembly or an installation subject to this Directive.

Please note that the values given above are only valid within the context specified and cannot be used directly to draw up the environmental assessment of an installation.

# **Glossary**

Raw Material Depletion (RMD)

This indicator quantifies the consumption of raw materials during the life cycle of

the product. It is expressed as the fraction of natural resources that disappear each

year, with respect to all the annual reserves of the material.

Energy Depletion (ED)

This indicator gives the quantity of energy consumed, whether it be from fossil,

hydroelectric, nuclear or other sources.

This indicator takes into account the energy from the material produced during

combustion. It is expressed in MJ.

Water Depletion (WD) This indicator calculates the volume of water consumed, including drinking water

and water from industrial sources. It is expressed in dm<sup>3</sup>.

Global Warming (GW)

The global warming of the planet is the result of the increase in

the greenhouse effect due to the sunlight reflected by the earth's surface being absorbed by certain gases known as "greenhouse-effect" gases. The effect is

quantified in gram equivalent of CO<sub>2</sub>.

Ozone Depletion (OD)

This indicator defines the contribution to the phenomenon of

the disappearance of the stratospheric ozone layer due to the emission of certain specific gases. The effect is expressed in gram equivalent

of CFC-11.

Air Toxicity (AT)

This indicator represents the air toxicity in a human environment. It takes into

account the usually accepted concentrations for several gases in the air and the quantity of gas released over the life cycle. The indication given corresponds to the

air volume needed to dilute these gases down to acceptable concentrations.

Photochemical Ozone Creation (POC)

This indicator quantifies the contribution to the "smog" phenomenon

(the photochemical oxidation of certain gases which generates ozone) and is

expressed in gram equivalent of ethylene (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>).

Air Acidification (AA) The acid substances present in the atmosphere are carried by rain.

A high level of acidity in the rain can cause damage to forests.

The contribution of acidification is calculated using the acidification potentials of the

substances concerned and is expressed in mode equivalent of H+.

Water Toxicity (WT)

This indicator represents the water toxicity. It takes into account the usually

accepted concentrations for several substances in water and the quantity of substances released over the life cycle. The indication given corresponds to the

water volume needed to dilute these substances down to acceptable

concentrations.

Hazardous Waste Production (HWP)

This indicator calculates the quantity of specially treated waste created during all

the life cycle phases (manufacturing, distribution and utilization). For example, special industrial waste in the manufacturing phase, waste associated with the

production of electrical power, etc.

It is expressed in kg.

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Verifier accreditation N°: VH08			Program informatio n: www.pep-ecopassport.org		
Date of issue: 20131206			Period of validity: 4 years		
Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006					
Internal	External	Х			
In compliance with ISO 14025:2006 type III environmental declarations  PCR review was conducted by an expert panel chaired by J. Chevalier (CSTB).					
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The elements of the actual PEP cannot be compared with elements from another program.					

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