

# Miniature circuit breakers Din-T6 series 6 kA MCB

- Standards AS/NZS 4898
- Approval No. N17481
- Current range 2-63 Amps 1, 2 and 3 pole
- Sealable and lockable handle
- Available in curve type C and D
- Mounts on CD chassis (250 A and 355 A)

#### 1 pole 1 module

In (A)	C - Curve 5-10 In			
2	DTCB6102C			
4	DTCB6104C			
6	DTCB6106C			
10	DTCB6110C			
13	DTCB6113C			
16	DTCB6116C			
20	DTCB6120C			
25	DTCB6125C			
32	DTCB6132C			
40	DTCB6140C			
50	DTCB6150C			
63	DTCB6163C			

#### 2 pole 2 modules

2	DTCB6202C
4	DTCB6204C
6	DTCB6206C
10	DTCB6210C
13	iDTCB6213C
16	DTCB6216C
20	DTCB6220C
25	DTCB6225C
32	DTCB6232C
40	DTCB6240C
50	DTCB6250C
63	DTCB6263C

#### 3 pole 3 modules

2	DTCB6302C
4	DTCB6304C
6	DTCB6306C
10	DTCB6310C
13	iDTCB6313C
16	DTCB6316C
20	DTCB6320C
25	DTCB6325C
32	DTCB6332C
40	DTCB6340C
50	DTCB6350C
63	DTCB6363C

DTCB6 1 pole



#### Short circuit capacity 6 kA

In (A)	2	? <b>- 63</b>	
1 P	2	40 V AC	
2 P	240 - 415 V AC		
3 P	240 - 415 V AC		
DC use	1 P	2 P ¹)	
Short circuit	20 kA	25 kA	
Max.voltage (DC)	48 V	110 V	

#### Use at DC

When using Din-T6 in a DC application the magnetic tripping current is approximately 40 % higher than in AC 50/60 Hz.

#### Shock resistance (In X, Y, Z directions).

20 g with shock duration 10 ms (minimum 18 shocks). 40 g with shock duration 5 ms (minimum 18 shocks).

#### Vibration resistance (In X, Y, Z directions).

3 g in frequency range 10 to 55 Hz (operating time at least 30 min). According to IEC 60068-2-6.

#### Storage temperature

From -55 °C to +55 °C, according to IEC 88 part 2 - 1 (duration 96 hours).

#### Operating temperature

From -25 °C to +55 °C, according to VDE 0664 parts 1 and 2.

#### Use at 400 Hz

At 400 Hz the magnetic trip current is approximately 50 % higher than in AC 50/60 Hz.

Notes: 1) 2 pole MCB connected in series.

The line side is the "OFF" (bottom) side of the MCB, and connects to CD chassis tee-offs.

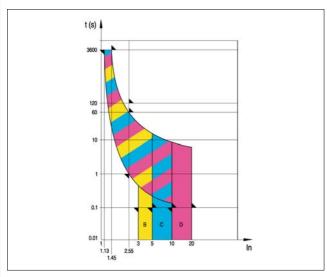
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## Characteristics according to BS EN 60898

Miniature Circuit Breakers are intended for the protection of wiring installations against both overloads and short-circuits in **domestic** or **commercial** wiring installations where operation is possible by **uninstructed** people

#### **Tripping characteristic curves**



#### Magnetic release

An electromagnet with plunger ensures instantaneous tripping in the event of short-circuit. The NHP Din-T range has 3 different types, following the current for instantaneous release: types B, C and D curve.

Icn (A)	Test current	Tripping time	Applications
В	3 x In 5 x In	0.1 <t<45 (in≤32="" a)<br="" s="">0.1<t<90 (in="" s="">32 A)</t<90></t<45>	Only for resistive loads eg
		t<0.1 s	<ul><li>water heater</li><li>stoves.</li></ul>
С	5 x In	0.1 <t<15 (in≤32="" a)<="" s="" td=""><td>Usual loads such as:</td></t<15>	Usual loads such as:
	10 x In	0.1 <t<30 (in="" s="">32 A)</t<30>	<ul><li>lighting</li><li>socket outlets</li></ul>
		t<0.1 s	• small motors
D	10 x In	0.1 <t<4 (in≤32="" a)<="" s(**)="" td=""><td>•</td></t<4>	•
	20 x In	0.1 <t<8 (in="" s="">32 A)</t<8>	circuits having important transient inrush currents
		t<0.1 s	(large motors)

#### Thermal release

The release is initiated by a bimetal strip in the event of overload. The standard defines the range of releases for specific overload values. Reference ambient temperature is 30 °C.

Test current	Tripping time
1.13 x In	$t \ge 1 \text{ h (In} \le 63 \text{ A)}$ $t \ge 2 \text{ h (In > 63 A)}$
1.45 x In	t < 1 h (In ≤ 63 A) t < 2 h (In > 63 A)
2.55 x In	1 s < t < 60 s (In ≤ 32 A) 1 s < t < 120 s (In >32 A)

#### Rated short-circuit breaking capacity (Icn)

Is the value of the short-circuit that the MCB is capable of withstanding in the following test of sequence of operations: 0-t-CO.

After the test the MCB is capable, without maintenance, to withstand a dielectric strength test at a test voltage of 900 V. Moreover, the MCB shall be capable of tripping when loaded with 2.8 In within the time corresponding to 2.55 In but greater than 0.1s.

#### Service short-circuit breaking capacity (Ics)

Is the value of the short-circuit that the MCB is capable of withstanding in the following test of sequence of operations: 0-t-CO-t-CO.

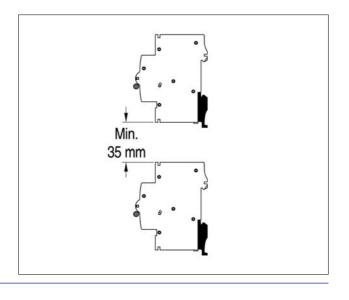
After the test the MCB is capable, without maintenance, to withstand a dielectric strength test at a test voltage of 1500 V. Moreover, the MCB shall not trip at a current of 0.96 In. The MCB shall trip within 1h when current is 1.6 In.

- 0 Represents an opening operation
- Represents a closing operation followed by an automatic opening.
- Represents the time interval between two successive short-circuit operations: 3 minutes.

The relation between the rated short-circuit capacity (Icn) and the rated service short-circuit breaking capacity (Ics) shall be as follows:

Icn (A)	Ics (A)	
≤ 6000	6000	
> 6000 ≤ 10000	0.75 Icn min. 6000	
> 10000	0.75 Icn min. 7500	

In both sequences all MCBs are tested for emission of ionized gases during short-circuit (grid distance), in a safety distance between two MCBs of 35 mm when devices are installed in two different rows in the enclosure. This performance allows the use of any NHP/Terasaki enclosure.

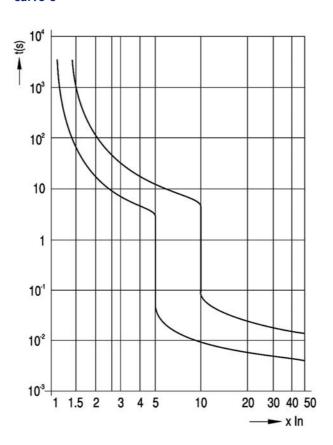




# **Tripping curves according to EN 60898**

The following tables show the average tripping curves of the Terasaki Din-T MCBs based on the thermal and magnetic characteristics.

#### **Curve C**





## Influence of ambient air temperature on the rated current

The maximum value of the current which can flow through an MCB depends on the nominal current of the MCB, the conductor cross-section and the ambient air temperature.

The values shown in the table below are for devices in free air. For devices installed with other modular devices in the same switchboard, a correction factor (K) shall be applied relative to the mounting situation of the MCB, the ambient temperature and the number of main circuits in the installation.

No of devices	<b>K</b> 1)
2 or 3	0.9
4 or 5	0.8
6 or 9	0.7
> 10	0.6

#### Calculation example

Within a distribution board consisting of eight 2 Pole, 16 A, 'C' curve type MCBs, with an operating ambient temperature of 45 °C, which is the highest temperature the MCB can operate at without unwanted tripping?

#### Calculation

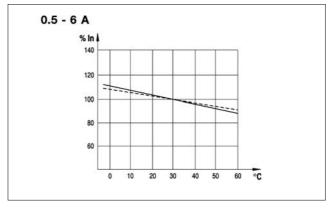
The correction factor K=0.7, for use in an eight circuit installation:  $16\ A\times0.7=11.2\ A$ 

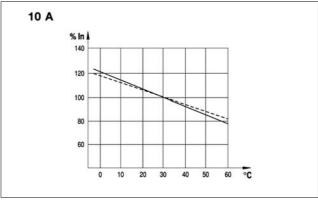
As the MCB is working at 45 °C it shall be given another factor (90 % = 0.9):

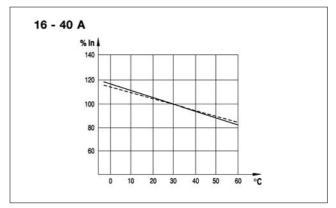
In at 45 °C = In at 30 °C  $\times$  0.9 = 11.2 A  $\times$  0.9 = 10.1 A.

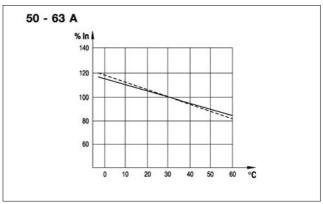
**Note:** 1) Applicable for MCBs working at maximum rated currents.

The thermal calibration of the MCBs was carried out at an ambient temperature of 30 °C. Ambient temperatures different from 30 °C influence the bimetal and this results in earlier or later thermal tripping.









\_\_\_\_\_ : 1P (single pole)

----: mP (multi-pole)



# Effects of frequency on the tripping characteristic

All the MCBs are designed to work at frequencies of 50-60 Hz, therefore to work at different values, consideration must be given to the variation of the tripping characteristics. The thermal tripping does not change with variation of the frequency but the magnetic tripping values can be up to 50 % higher than the ones at 50-60 Hz.

#### **Tripping current variation**

60 Hz	100 Hz	200 Hz	300 Hz	400 Hz
1	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5

#### **Power losses**

The power losses are calculated by measuring the voltage drop between the incoming and the outgoing terminals of the device at rated current.

#### Power loss per pole

In _(A)	Voltage drop (V)	Energy loss (W)	Resistance (m0hm)
0.5	2.230	1.115	4458.00
1	1.270	1.272	1272.00
2	0.620	1.240	310.00
3	0.520	1.557	173.00
4	0.370	1.488	93.00
6	0.260	1.570	43.60
8	0.160	1.242	19.40
10	0.160	1.560	15.60
13	0.155	2.011	11.90
16	0.162	2.586	10.10
20	0.138	2.760	6.90
25	0.128	3.188	5.10
32	0.096	3.072	3.00
40	0.100	4.000	2.50
_50	0.090	4.500	1.80
63	0.082	5.160	1.30
80	0.075	6.000	0.90
100	0.075	7.500	0.75
125	0.076	9.500	0.60

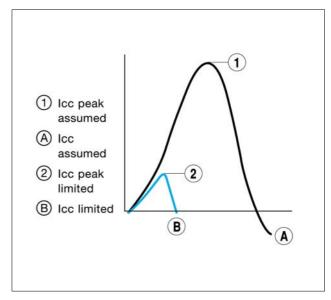
### **Limitation curves**

#### Let-through energy I2t

The limitation capacity of an MCB in short-circuit conditions, is its capacity to reduce the value of the let-through energy that the short-circuit would be generating.

#### **Peak current Ip**

Is the value of the maximum peak of the short-circuit current limited by the MCB.



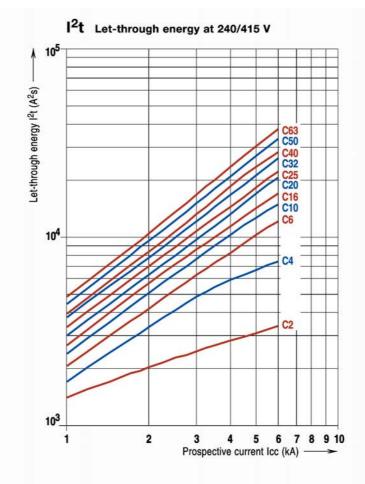
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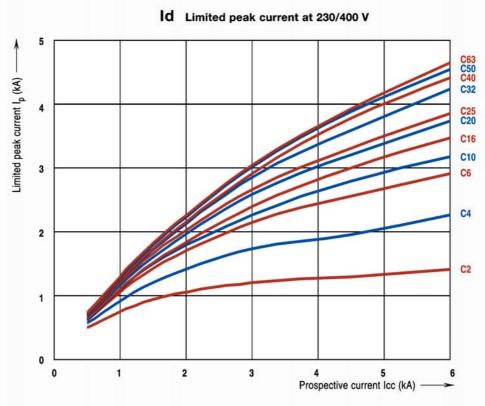


Din-T 6

6 kA

**C** curve







#### Use of standard MCB for DC use

For MCBs designed to be used in alternating current but used in installations in direct current, the following should be taken into consideration:

■ For protection against overloads it is necessary to connect the two poles to the MCB. In these conditions the tripping characteristic of the MCB in direct current is similar to alternating current. ■ For protection against short-circuits it is necessary to connect the two poles to the MCB. In these conditions the tripping characteristic of the MCB in direct current is 40% higher than the one in alternating current.

#### Use in DC selection table

Series	Rated current (A)	48 V 1 pole Icu (kA)	110 V 2 poles in series Icu (kA)	250 V 1 pole Icu (kA)	440 V 2 poles in series Icu (kA)
Din-T 6	0.563 A	20	25	-	-



## **Text for specifiers**

#### MCB Series Din-T 6

- According to EN 60898 standard
- For DIN rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022; EN 50022; future EN 60715; IEC 60715 (top hat rail 35 mm)
- Grid distance 35 mm
- Working ambient temperature from -25 °C up to +50 °C
- Approved by CEBEC, VDE, KEMA, IMQ.
- 1 pole is a module of 18 mm wide
- Nominal rated currents are: 0.5/1/2/3/4/6/10/13/16/20/25/32/40/50/63 A
- Tripping characteristics: B,C,D (B curve Din-T 10 only).
- Number of poles: 1 P, 1 P+N, 2 P, 3 P, 3 P+N, 4 P
- The short-circuit breaking capacity is: 6/10k A, energy limiting class 3
- Terminal capacity from 1 up to 35 mm² rigid wire or 1.5 up to 25 mm² flexible wire.
- Screw head suitable for flat or Pozidrive screwdriver
- Can be connected by means of both pin or fork busbars
- The toggle can be sealed in the ON or OFF position
- Rapid closing
- Both incoming and outgoing terminals have a protection degree of IP 20 and they are sealable
- Isolator function thanks to Red/Green printing on the toggle.
- Maximum voltage between two phases; 440 V~
- Maximum voltage for utilisation in DC current: 48 V 1 P and 110 V 2 P
- Two position rail clip
- Mechanical shock resistance 40 g (direction x, y, z) minimum 18 shocks 5 ms half-sinusoidal acc. to IEC 60068-2-27
- Vibration resistance: 3 g (direction x, y, z) minimum 30 min. according to IEC 60068-2-6
- Extensions can be added on both left or right hand side
  - Auxiliary contact
  - Shunt trip
  - Undervoltage release
  - Motor operator
  - Panelboard switch
- Add-on RCD can be coupled.



Series			1	Din-T6 AS/NZS 4898
Standards (Aust	/ N7 / Inter	national)		IEC 60898
Tripping characte	<u> </u>	ilatioliat)		C, D
Nominal current	:1151165		A	C/D(0.5-63)
Calibration temp	erature		°C	30
Number of poles			C	1/2/3/4
Neutral pole prot				yes
Nominal voltage		1 P	٧	240/415
Nominal voltage	on AC	3 P/4 P	V	· ·
	DC	1 P ¹)	V DC	415 48
	ВС	2 P (in series) 1		110
Frequency		Z I (III scrics)	Hz	
rrequericy				50/60
			Hz	DC: magn.trip +40%
Maximum consise	voltago IIb	may batwaan tu	o wires V	400: magn.trip +50%
Maximum service			o wiles V	250/440; 53/120
Minimum service			V	12; 12
Selectivity class		IEC 60947-2		3
Isolator applicat				yes
Rated insulation	voltage	Pollution degree		500
		Pollution degree		440
Impulse withstar		ige	kV	6
Insulation resist	ance		m0hm	10,000
Dielectric rigidity			kV	2.5
Vibration resista	nce (in x, y,	z direction) (IEO	77/16.3)	3 g
Endurance	Electrical a	it Un, In		10,000
	mechanica	l		20,000
Utilisation categ	ory (IEC 609	947-2)		Α
Protection degre	e (outside /	inside, in enclos	sure with door)	IP 20/IP 40
Self-extinguish d				V2
Tropicalisation (a	according to	IEC 60068-2 / [	OIN 40046) °C/RH	+55 °C/95 % RH
Operating tempe	rature		°C	-25/+55
Storage tempera	ture		°C	-55/+55
Terminal capacity	v Rigid cable	e min/max (top)	mm²	1/35
		ble min*/max (t		0.75/25
		min/max (botto		1/35
		ble min*/max (b		0.75/25
			mm² with cable lug)	,
	Torque	, , ,	Nm	4.5
Add-on devices	Auxiliary c	ontacts		yes
(side add-on)	UVT	ontacts		
(side add-oil)	Shunt trip			yes
	Motor oper	ator		yes
	Panelboard			yes
Duchar sustams	Pin (top/b			yes
Busbar systems	Fork (top/b			yes/yes
Accessories	FORK (LOD)	DOLLOIN)		-/yes
				yes
Dimensions, weig				
	(HxDxW) 8		mm/mod.	18
	Weight/mo	d.	g	120
	Package		mod.	12
Short-circuit cap	pacity AC		(kA)	AS/NZS 4898
∞ Icn		1 P	230/400 V	6
1EC (60898		2 P	230/400 V	6
9		3 P/4 P	230/400 V	6
Ics (se	rvice)			100 % Icn
	timate)	1 P	127 V	20
	,		240 V	10
			415 V	3
01		2 P	127 V	-
7-7:			240 V	15
<b>7</b> 600			415 V	10
IEC 60947-2		3 P, 4 P	240 V	15
出		J F, 4 F		
			415 V	10 6
T /··	nrice)		440 V	-
Ics (se		(0)()		75 % Icu
	AB1 (120/2	•		20
Short-circuit ca		(kA)		
Icu (ul	timate)	1 P	≤60 V	20
47.			≤220 V	-
IEC 60947-2		2 P	≤125 V	25
) I			≤440 V	-
Ics (se	rvice)			100 % Icu



# **Din-T MCBs Technical data Miniature circuit breakers - Din-T 6**

Dimensions in mm.

